COUNCIL COMMUNICATION

TO: THE CITY COUNCIL

COUNCIL MEETING DATE: September 7, 1988

FROM:

THE CITY MANAGER'S OFFICE

SUBJECT: ELECTRIC RATE PROPOSAL

<u>RECOMMENDED ACTION:</u> That the City Council approve electric rate structure changes as proposed herein, to become effective with utility bills prepared on or after November 1, 1983.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION: Lodi's retail electric rates were adjusted in March 1985. Those rates were based on average annual pricing (same price per hour for every hour of the year). Since that time, considerable effort on behalf of regulatory bodies, utilities and consumer representatives have resulted in emphasizing a need for electric rate structures to become appropriate and useful; appropriate from the standpoint of reflecting the changing cost pattern of utilities - high cost during peak periods and lower cost during off-peak periods. Reflecting a correct price signal to consumers is appropriate, but only becomes useful when we can show a large consumer, for instance, that shifting some electric use from the highest cost period to lowest cost period will decrease that consumers electric cost even though the same overall energy use is maintained.

The proposed rate structure changes reflect seasonality and peak-period pricing and are fully compatible with State Regulatory procedure and prudent utility rate-making standards of contiguous electric utilities,

Use of the 110 load survey meters, which were installed more than a year ago, provided the base data necessary to analyze the effect of this rate structure change. These same meters will be used to illustrate load shift to our customers and to provide billing information.

Additional changes in rate structure incorporate (1) inclusion of the Fuel Adder in the base rate; (2) provision for a Medical Baseline Quantity for specific application to qualifying medical conditions; and (3) preparation of a Standby Service Rate where a large Industrial customer installs co-generation in parallel with the City.

PROPOSAL DETAILS: No new revenues will be expected from this rate structure change. Therefore, the period of level rates (no increase) which began March 1, 1985, shall continue through this year and perhaps with initial Success in Load Management may reach through 1989 - almost a five-year period of rate stability.

<u>FUTURE PLANS:</u> The Electric Department staff will initiate discussion with 'large electric customers, subsequent to implementation of the proposed rate structure, and target specific energy consumptive devices or procedures which are susceptible to shifting from our peak period to off-peak period.

Henry J. Rice: Electric Utility Director

Attach. (4)



LODI CONSIDERING LOAD MANAGEMENT FOR SUMMER PEAKS

BACKGROUN

Every extra megawatt (MW) of power the City of Lodi buys to meet its summer peak costs an average of \$140,000.

That's partly because the California city of 44.000 doesn't just pay for the summer peak when it occurs. It pays for it year-round. Lodi is charged two-thirds of the cost of its peak during off-peak periods. too.

That's incentive enough for Lodi to begin considering ways to control summer peak loads.

Situated about 30 miles south of Sacramento in the hot San Joaquin Valley, Lodi experi, ences summer peaks !ha! are almost twice the MW's as those of winter. For example. Lodi's 1986 winter peak hit 42.3 MW, while its summer peak the same year was 80.8 MW.

If Lodi could shave its peak, it could optimize the cost of operations, resulting in a reduction in cost of service to its customers.

But, before the City launches a complex load management system, it needs to find out what the City's general load shape is, what group of customers contributes most to the peak load, and when and why electrical usage is highest and lowest.

With help from Western's Conservation and Renewable Energy cost-shared assistance activity, Lodi is doing just that.

Lodihad not previously instituted aformal load management program. In ainly because it seemed any energy savings would not justify the cost of buying, installing, and maintaining the necessary equipment.

However. City officials now believe the technology has advanced sufficiently — and costs have declined enough — that a centrally controlled load management program might be feasible.

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OBJECTIVES

Identify Lodi's load management potential and pinpoint ways electrical use can be altered to:

- Improve system efficiency
- Shift fuel dependency from limited to more abundant energy resources
- Reduce reserve requirements for generation and transmission capacity
- Improve service reliability
- Provide the most economical Power to the City of Lodi and its end users

APPLICATIONS

if the study leads to implementation of a formal load management program. Lodi will be able to reduce cost of electrical service, provide the most efficient use of plant facilities, and postpone new investments while maintaining adequate and dependable electric service. Other Central Valley Project customers will obtain additional load data and technology.

APPROACH

Lodi first gathered information on past energy use patterns from municipal sources, as well as from outside agencies. These include Western, which provides approximately 16.4 percent of Lodi's total summer peakload, and the California Public Utilities Commission.

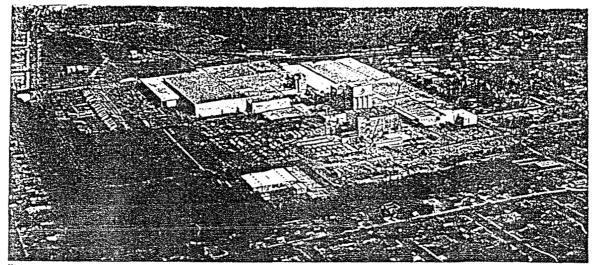
Next, Lodi prepared a 100-question survey that was sent to 500 residences to learn Such information as the age of the dwellings. types of heating and cooling. the type of insulation. and the number of inhabitants of each residence.

Lodi also is gathering information on energy use patterns from some of the City's largest customers. With the help of solid State demand recorders. Lodi is finding out just when and how the 14 largest customers use electricity. It is also determining whether electrical use of the largest customers would be influenced by a time-of-use rate in which power would cost more if used at certain peak times or seasons. City staff understands that cost savings are mutually dependent upon good communication of goals and objectives by both the customer and the utility.

STUDY CONTACTS

Western C&RE Representative: Guy R. Nelson. N6010, Conservation Officer. Sacramento Area Office, Western Area Power Administration, 1825 Bell Street. Sacramento. CA 95825. Telephone: Commercial (916) 978-4435; FTS 460-4435.

Western Customer: John Stone, City of Lodi 1311 South Ham Lane, Lodi. CA 95242. Telephone: (209) 333-6748.



This General Mills plant was among the commercial customers included in a survey Lodi, California, conducted on energy use.

Redding, Lodi survey customers

A pair of municipally operated utilities in California have a clearer picture of their electric consumers after conducting two very different surveys.

The City of Redding sent 52-part questionnaires to its 16,700 residential customers to find out how its periodic demand forecasts fit with actual consumer energy usage. The 7,000 returned responses, in addition to providing valuable end-use forecasting data, are being evaluated partly to help the utility evaluate its competitive position in the energy marketplace.

Lodi, a city of 46,000 some 30 miles south of Sacramento, distributed 500 surveys seeking answers to 100 questions (10 pages total) on how residential custoniers are using electricity and to identify opportunities for load management. The survey was part of a cost-shared study with Western on the leasibility of load management for Lodi.

As part of the cost-shared study, Lodi utility officials also interviewed managers of larger com. mercial enterprises concerning future plans and energy uses.

Results from the 42 percent who responded to the mailed survey indicate that whatever load management program the utility institutes will have to be preceded by an extensive public information campaign, said Lodi's Senior Rate Analyst Jack Stone.

Redding undertook its survey to meet a California Energy Commission (CEC) requirement for ali utilities that expect to build more generation facilities. The CEC mandates demand forecasts to be performed every two years. This was the first time in the 14 years the forecast has been prepared that Redding, a city of nearly 50.000 in the north central part of the state, has incorporated enduse data into the forecast, Electric Engineer Tim Nichols said.

Information from the Redding survey is being evaluated partly to assess whether programs by an investor-owned utility to encourage the use of gas are eroding the electrical market within the City's utility service area, Nichols said.

The investor owned utility is offering rebates to Redding customers who purchase and install gas furnaces and water heaters. Such programs have the potential to saddle Redding with the air conditioning load in the summer, yet leave it without a base return in the winter.

That's not yet the situation, The survey showed 60 percent of respondents still have electric water heaters, for **example.**

In addition, Redding is conduct. ing a survey of commercial customers in conjunction with 10 other cities. Information from hoth surveys will be evaluated to help build markets and provide energy services to benefit the customers and the utility.

Lodi's survey offered two advantages: it gave the City information on which to base a future load management program, and it permitted City officials to meet face-to-face with managers of the largest commercial enterprises. Many of those managers niay not previously have had such personal contact with the utility, Stone said.

Information from the survey will be supplemented with a three-year program of metering residential and commercial energy uses. Demand meters have been installed at 55 residences and 18 commercial establishments.

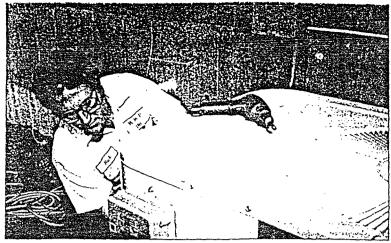
The survey showed clearly "there's a distinct feeling from people out there that they don't want air conditioning cycling.

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They don't want programs imposed on them ... Whatever we do, it's going to take a concentrated effort at publicity," Stone concluded

Representatives of several commercial firms, particularly food processing plants, said their continuous plant processes would not tolerate power interruptions during the utility's peak times. Some might have one or two functions that could be interrupted, but the interruptions would not save the utility that much energy, Stone said.

It is not yet certain what type of load management Lodi will pursue, Stone said. For residential customers, Lodi may first advocate energy-saving measures, such as weatherstripping and insulation of attics to make sure energy is being used efficiently. The Electric Power Research Institute also is helping the City investigate ice cooling and heat pump technologies that can shift summer demand away from the



A contractor installs a load management device on an air conditioning system. Air conditioning bads are among the factors Redding uses when making its periodic demand forecasts. Redding's firs?consumer survey may help make the forecasts more accurate.

neak

Whatever options are chosen, Lodi does have a pronounced summer peaking problem that needs addressing. Every extra megawatt of power Lodi buys to meet its summer peak—which is almost double its winter peak—can cost the City up to \$157,000.

(For more information, call Nichols at 916/225-4358 or Stone at 209/333-6748.)

C&RE award honors Platte River

The Platte River Power Authority has been presented Western's Administrator's Award for its efforts in advancing conservation and renewable energy (C&RE) technologies.

In presenting the award, Western Administrator William H. Clagett cited the utility's willingness to share its findings on C&RE projects and technological advancements. "not only with its members but with many of our (Western's) other customers."

Specifically cited was design and construction of a 10-kilowatt photovoltaic plant at Platte River's Fort Collins (Colorado) facility, the first

of its kind in the region. Information and experience gained from the study will be critical for future photovoltaic plants.

Western also recognized efficient operation of Platte River's Rawhide Energy Station. The utility has increased Rawhide's efficiency by improving the unit's heat rate by 200 British thermal units per kilowatthour.

Western noted that Platte River has developed a high-quality transmission and distribution system for its members and that by upgrading and maintaining this system, it reduces energy losses, improves reliability to member cities and provides additional capacity when and where it is needed.

"We are committed to the costeffective use of energy and recognize those customers who develop innovative programs," said Clagett. "Platte River certainly is a leader in that category."

Platte River is a public utility owned by the Colorado Front Range municipalities of Estes Park, Fort Collins, Longmont, and Loveland.



Western Administrator William H. Clagett presents the Administrator's Award to Platte River Power Authority Board of Directors Chairman Robert L. Dekker, right, and Authority General Manager Thaine J. Mickie.

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ELECTRIC RATE PROPOSAL

Need:

Changes are required in our present rate structure so that the City can begin work to achieve a degree of long-term rate stability using Load Management techniques. These techniques would be used initially with the largest industrial customers to reduce or avoid, as far as possible, increasing: demand on peak periods which is the utilities highest cost period.

The City's present rates are based on average annual pricing (same price per hour for every hour of the year). Average rate pricing cannot reward a customer who shifts usage from our peak period (nighest cost period) to our off-peak period (lowest cost period).

The proposed rate structure changes reflecting seasonality and peak-period pricing are fully compatible with State Regulatory procedure and prudent utility ratemaking standards of contiguous ejectric utilities.

Additional changes in rate structure incorporate (1) inclusion of the Fuel Adder in the base rate; (2) provision for a Medical Baseline Quantity for specific application to qualifying medical condition; and (3) preparation of a Standby Service Rate where a large Industrial customer installs co-generation in parallel with the City.

These changes are not intended to make the rates complicated; they are intended to make the rates useful and appropriate.

The adjustment from average year-round rates to the proposed seasonalized peak-period rates can be accomplished without significant cost impact oil customers. Approximately one percent (1%)impact can be shown for average annual usage among various customer groups.

No new revenue will be expected from this rate structure change. Therefore, the period of level rates (no increase) which began March I, 1985 shall continue through this year and perhaps with initial success in **Load** Management may reach through 1989.

Timinq:

The new rate structure should be effective with utility bills prepared on or after November 1, 1988.

Comparison:

After the rate structure change proposed, rates will generally remain at the level set in March 1985. Illustration: 500 kwhr. residential customer in March 1985 - \$33.61; under proposed rates the cost for November 1988 would be \$33.53,

RATE ADJUSTMENTS - FY 1988-89

I. INTRODUCTION

Due to a combination of growth, good mix of power resources, and adequate revenues, it has been over three years since the City has had to adjust its electric rates (last rate adjustment was approved 3/1/85).

The use of 110 load survey meters which the City Council approved over a year ago has enabled us to collect and develop data support to analyze potential cost shift among our consumers preliminary to modernizing the rate structure.

During the last three year period, more appropriate rate terns and structures have been developed in the industry. Lodi rate structure has not kept pace. Our large Industrial rate is out of date and needs to be re-done to reflect changes in the similar rate which PG&E uses. The re-doing of the Industrial rate causes changes throughout all other rates. All necessary rate adjustments can be accomplished with minimal cost impact on average use customers. The following recommended rate adjustments would put us on a competitive basis which reflects the modern rate concepts of the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) reflected in the PG&E rate structure.

II. BASIC RATE MAKING PRINCIPLES

- A. MEET THE CITY'S BUDGETED REVENUE GOAL
- B. BE COMPETITIVE
 - 1. Rates to be seasonalized
 - 2. Industrial to be based on time-of-use (TOU)
 - 3. Cogeneration and other CPUC issues to be addressed
 - 4. All rates below PG&E
- C. BE EQUITABLE
 - 1. Need to make total adjustment on a revenue neutral basis
 - 2. Rate adjustments should apply to ail potential customers within the appropriate class of service

III. SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDED ADJUSTMENTS

- A. FUEL CHARGE ROLLED INTO RATES
 - 1. Originally separated to reflect greatly fluctuating fuel costs after the 1973 oil embargo
 2. Northern California Power Agency and Western Area Power Administration energy costs have now stabilized to a reasonably predictable level
- B. MCBILE HOME PARK DISTRIBUTION SERVICE PAYMENT SHIFTED TO RULES & REGULATIONS FROM EM SCHEDULE
 - 1. CPUC and PG&E presently in debate as to which elements should properly be included in payment
- C. MEDICAL RIDER PROPOSED FOR RESIDENTIAL SCHEDULES
 - 1. Required "Declaration of Eligibility" form
 - 2. Notification newspaper, health care professionals, utility bills
- D. STANDBY SERVICE RATE
 - 1. Only applicable to largest industrial customers operating private generating plants
 - 2. Provides continuity of service basis for private generacion
- E. BILLING CHANGES
 - 1. (Required) Calculation of billing determinants for largest industrial customers by Electric Utility Department Rate Analysis
 - 2. (Proposed) Medical Rider administration by Electric Utility Department Rate Analysis
- F. SEASONALITY AND TIME-OF-USE (TOU) ADDED
 - 1. Worked through all appropriate rates

IV. RATE COMPARISONS (PRELIMINARY;

- A. RESIDENTIAL
 - 1. Approximately 18,000 customers
 - 2. 40 kilowatt-hours (kwhr) per month for air conditioning not included in winter rate
 - 3. Based on degree day concept of average temperature
 - 4. Baseline concept of CPUC
- B. OUTDOOR DUSK-TO-DAWN LIGHTING EL Only a nominal change to scale appropriate charges
- c. ENERGY PURCHASE EP
 Rates determined through negotiated contract

- D. STANDBY SERVICE SS
 - 1. New rate
 - 2. Serves to provide backup electric power to largest customers with private generating plants
 - 3. Contract required
- E. GENERAL SERVICE COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL
 - 1. Rate structure change and mandatory class assignment a. See attached table

V. WHAT HAPPENS NEXT

- A. COMPLETE ANALYSIS OF IMPACT ON UTILITY BILLING SYSTEM (e.g., START DATE?) FINANCE
- B. DETERMINE FINAL RATE NUMBERS ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT
- C. WORK WITH G3 CUSTOMERS AFTER RATE ADJUSTMENT APPROVED ELECTRIC UTILITY CEFARTMENT
- D. QUESTION AND ANSWER SHEET WILL BE DEVELOPED TO AID FINANCE PEOPLE IN EXPLAINING HATE RE-STRUCTURE TO THE PUBLIC

RESIDENTIAL RATES



ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE EA

DOMESTIC SERVICE

APPLICABILITY:

RATES:

Domestic service is applicable to domestic lighting, heating, cooking arid single-phase domestic power service in single-family dwellings and in flats and apartments separately metered by the City and to single-phase serwice used in common for residential purposes by tennants in multi-family dwellings.

Minimum Cl	harge:.	 	•	 	 	 	•	•	•

Energy Charge:

Summer (May through October)
First 440 kwhr, per kwhr.
Over 440 kwhr, per kwhr.

Winter (November through April)
first 400 kwhr, per kwhr.
Over 400 kwhr, per kwhr.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

- (a) When a business or commercial establishment is conducted in conjunction with a residence and both are measured through one meter, this rate does not apply.
- (b) Service on this schedule will be supplied at **the** single-phase secondary voltage available either 120/240 or 120/208 volts.
- (c) Additional first block medical quantities are available as described in Schedule MR Residential Medica? Rider.

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ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE EM

DOMESTIC SERVICE - MOBILE HOME PARKS

APPLICABILITY:

Kobile hone parks domestic service is applicable to domestic lighting, heating, cooking and power supplied to mobile home parks through a master-meter and sub-metered to all individual mobile home units.

RATES:

Minimum Charge:
Energy Charge:
Summer (May through October) First 440 kwhr per mobile home space wired for service, per kwhr Over 440 kwhr per mobile home space wired for service, per kwhr
Winter (November through April) First 400 kwhr per mobile home space wired for service, per kwhr Over 400 kwhr per mobile hone space wired for service, per kwhr

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

- (a) This rate is available only for master metering in service prior to October 1, 1988.
- (b) It is the responsibility of the customer to notify the City Finance Department within 15 days following any change in the number of mobile home spaces wired for service,
- (c) A Kobile Home Park Distribution Service Payment will be made to qualifying mobile home park owners as described in Rule and Regulation No. 19.
- (d) Additional first block medical quantities are available as described in Schedule MR Residential Medical Rider.

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LIGHTING RATE



ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE EL

OUTDOOR DUSK-TO-DAWN LIGHTING

APPLICABILITY:

Cutdcor dusk-to-dawn lighting is applicable to City-owned and maintained outdoor overhead lighting service where streetlight service is not available.

RATES:

For each 6,000 lumen gas discharge lamp per month

For each 18,000 lumen gas discharge lamp per month

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

- (a) Lamps shall be approximately 6,000 or 18,000 lumen gas discharge with luminaire and bracket, as specified by the City of todi Electric Utility Department, and shall be supported on City-owned poles which are used to carry distribution system circuits for other City purposes and shall be at locations approved by the City of Lodi. Lamps will be controlled from dusk to dawn each night so as to give approximately 4,380 hours of service annually.
- Approximation of the second se (b) Upon receipt of notice from a customer of failure of light to operate as scheduled, the City of Lodi Electric Utility Department will, within a reasonable period of time, make the necessary repairs.
- (c) Relocation of existing outdoor lighting service equipment or the installation of additional facilities required other than mentioned in (a) above shall be at customer's expense prior to starting work.

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ENER*GI* PURCHASE RATE



ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE EF

ENERGY PURCHASE

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Energy Purchase Schedule EP is applicable to qualifying customer-owned alternating current facilities operating in parallel with the City's electric system on a contract basis.

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COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL RATES



ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE G1 (Formerly EB)

GENERAL SERVICE - GROUP 1 COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL

ADD: TCAQT! ITV.
Schedule G1 is applicable to customers with single-phase or polyphase alternating current service, or to a combination thereof, whose kwhr usage does not exceed 8,000 kwhr per month for three consecutive months.
RATES:
Customer Charge:
Sinyle-Phase Service
Polyphase Service.
Energy Charge (to be added to Customer Charge):
Summer (May through October)
Winter (November through April)
The monthly charge is the higher of: 1) the Customer Charge and the Energy Charge, or 2) , per kva of connected welder and per horsepower of polyphase connected motor load.

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ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE 62 (Formerly S-I)

GENERAL SERVICE - GROUP 2 COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL

APPLICABILITY:

Schedule G2 will be applied to accounts with energy consumption in excess of 8,000 kilowatt-hours (kwhr) or more for three consecutive months and with maximum demand not exceeding 500 kilowatts (kw) for three consecutive months.

Maximum Demand: The maximum demand in any month will be the maximum average power taken during any 15-minute interval in the month, but not less than the diversified resistance welder load. In cases where the use of energy is intermittent or subject to violent fluctuations, a 5-minute interval may be used.

intermittent or subject to violent fluctuations, a 5-minute interval may be used.
New Customers: If the energy consumption for a new customer is expected to be $8,000~\rm{kwhr}$ or more, the City has the option of placing the account on Schedule G2 from the start.
Transfers Off Schedule G2: If energy consumption drops below 8,000 kwhr and remains there for 12 consecutive months, the City will transfer the account to Schedule G1. If the demand reaches or exceeds 500 kilowatts (kw) for three consecutive months, the account will be transferred to Schedule 63.
RATES:
Customer Charge
Demand Charge:
All kw of billing denand, per kw
Summer (May through October)
Winter (November through April).
The monthly charge for service under Schedule G2 is the sum of the Customer Charge, Demand Charge and Energy Charge.
VOLTAGE DISCOUNT:
When delivery is made at the same primary distribution voltage as that of the line from which the service is supplied, a 4% discount will be allowed on the above charges.

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ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

POWER FACTOR ADJUSTMENTS:

Bills will **be** adjusted based upon average monthly power factor. Average monthly power factor is computed from the ratio of lagging reactive kilovolt-ampere-hours to kilowatt-hours consumed in the month. Power factors are rounded to the nearest whole percent.

The rates in this schedule are based on an average monthly power factor of 85%. If the average monthly power factor is greater than 85%, the total monthly bill (excluding any taxes and customer charge) will be reduced by .06 percent for each percentage point above 85%. if the average power factor is below 85%, the total monthly bill (excluding taxes and customer charge) will be increzsed by .05 percent for each percentage point below 85%.

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ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE G3

GENERAL SERVICE - GROUP 3 COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL

APPL	LABI	LIIT:
APPL	CABI	LITY:

APPLICABILITY:

Schedule G will be applied to accounts with maximum demands of 500 kilowatts (kw) or more for three consecutive months.

Maximum Demand: The maximum demand in any month will be the maximum average power taken during any 15-minute interval in the month, but not less than the diversified resistance welder load. In cases where the use of energy is intermittent or subject to violent fluctuations, a 5-minute interval nay be used.

New Customers: If the maximum demand for a new customer is expected to be 500 kw or more, the City has the option of placing the account on Schedule G3 from the start.

Transfers Off Schedule 63: If maximum demand drops below 500 kw and remains there for 12 consecutive months, the City will transfer the account to a different applicable rate schedule.

RATES:					
Customer Charge					
Service Voltage: Season:	Secondary Summer	(G3-S) Winter	Primary Summer	 Transmiss Summer	ion (63-1 Winter
Demand Charges:					
Per kw of maximum					

peak-period demand

Per kw of maximum

demand

nergy Charges:

Peak period (per kwhr)
Partial-peak period
 (per kwhr)
Off-peak period
 (per kwhr)

inimum Charge, per month:

The Demand Charge constitutes the Minimum Charge.

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ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

TYPES OF CHARGES: The monthly charge for service under Schedule G3 is the sum of the customer charge, demand charges and energy charges:

- The customer charge is a flat monthly fee.
- Schedule 63 has two demand charges, a maximum-peak-period-demand charge and a maximum-demand charge. The maximum-peak-period-demand charge per kilowatt applies to the maximum demand during the month's peak hours, and the maximum-demand charge per kilowatt applies to the maximum demand at any time during the month. The bill will include both of these demand charges. Tine periods are defined below.
- The energy charge is the sum of the energy charges from the peak, partial peak, and off-peak periods. Energy is billed by the kilowatt-hour (kwhr), and rates are differentiated according to time of day and tine of year.
- Monthly charges may be increased or decreased based upon power factor as defined below.
- As shown on the rate chart, demand and energy charges are based on the voltage at which service is taken. Service voltages are defined below.

DEFINITION OF SERVICE VOLTAGE:

The following defines the three service voltage classes of 63 rates:

- a. Transmission: Service voltage class for service at 60,000 volts.
- b. Primary: Service voltage class for service at 12,000 volts.
- c. <u>Secondary</u>: Service voltage class for service at all other available voltages

POWER FACTOR ADJUSTMENTS:

Bills will be adjusted based upon average monthly power factor. Average monthly power factor is computed from the ratio of lagging reactive kilovolt-ampere-hours to kilowatt-hours consumed in the month. Power factors are rounded to the nearest whole percent.

The rates in this rate schedule are based on an average monthly power factor of 85%. If the average monthly power factor is greater than 85%, the total monthly bill (excluding any taxes and customer charge) will be reduced by .06 percent for each percentage point above 85%.

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CITY OF LODI ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

DEFINITION OF TIME PERIODS:

Times of the year and times of the day are defined as follows:

SUMMER Kay 1 through October 31:

Peak: 3:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m. Monday through Friday (except holidays).

Partial-Feak: 8:30 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. and 7:00 p.m. to 9:30 p.m.

Konday through Friday (except holidays).

Off-Peak: 9:30 p.m. to 8:30 a.m. Monday through Friday and all day

Saturday, Sunday and holidays.

WINTER: November 1 through April 30.

Partial-Peak: 8:30 a.m. to 9:30 p.m. Monday through Friday (except

holidays).

Dff-Peak: 9:30 p.m. to 8:30 a.m. Monday through Friday and all day

Saturday, Sunday and holidays.

HOLIDAYS:

Holidays" for the purpose of the rate schedule are New Year's Day, Presidents' Day, Kemorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Veterans' Bay, Thanksgiving Day, the day after Thanksgiving and Christmas Day. The dates will be based on those days on which the holidays are observed as specified in Public Law 90-363 (U.S.C.A. Section 6103).

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STANDBY SERVICE UTE



ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE SS

STANDBY SERVICE

APPLICABILITY:	
Schedule SS is applicable to commercial/indusortherwise qualify for Schedule G3 and who operate a privand where the City must stand ready at all times to support to replace such plant.	vately-owned generating plant
RATES:	
	Per Customer-Owned Plant Per Month
Customer Charge	
Standby Charge	
Contract capacity, per kw	
Standby Demand Charge:	
Summer: The Standby Demand Chat-ge will be asses the month in which the City provides capacity at Such Standby Demand Charge will be the product of provided by the City, expressed in keep and the Sumrates of the applicable industrial schedule.	the service connection point.
Winter: The Standby Demand Charge for capacity p billed at the Schedule G rate.	rovided by the City will be
Reactive Demand Charge:	And of the constant bigging
Per kvar of maximum reactive demand	· • • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

p.SS-1/4

Effective

1, 1988

Ordinance No.



ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

RATES: (continued)

Energy Charge:

All energy supplied by the City will be billed at the Schedule G3 rates.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

- This schedule is available only for each specific service (a) connection point on a contract basis to industrial customers for each customer-owned generating plant as authorized by the City Council. Each contract: term shall be for the service life of the customer-owned generating plant and shall obligate the customer to pay for Customer Standby and Standby Demand Charges for the contract The contract shall provide, among other things, that if service is cancelled prior to expiration of the contract period, the customer shall pay the total Standby Charges for the unexpired term of the contract and any outstanding Standby Demand Charges.
- Contract Capacity is the nameplate rating of the CONTRACT CAPACITY: (b) customer-owned generating plant.
- (c) EXCESS CAPACITY: Capacity supplied by the customer-owned generating plant in excess of the measured load at the customer's service connection point shall be considered inadvertent and no demand or energy adjustment shall be given.
- LIMITATION ON CONTRACT CAPACITY SERVED: Standby service to new or (d) increased loads is limited by the City's ability to serve such loads without jeopardizing service to existing customers on rate schedules for firm service, including standby service.
- (e) RENDERING OF BILLS: All bills, including opening and closing bills, will be based on meter registration, except as otherwise provided in the City's Rules and Regulations or rate schedule. Should the billing period be less than one month, no proration will be made and the amount of the bill shall be determined in accordance with the schedule in effect at the time of the end of the normal meter reading Standby Demand Charges will not be applied in a cumulative manner.
- (f) TOTALILING: Totalizing of a customer's meter readings from more than one service connection point for billing purposes will not be done if one or more such service connections are receiving Standby Service.
 - (a) DEMAND READINGS: Demand readings will be based on 15-minute intervals.

p.SS-2/4	Effective	1,	1988
	Ordinance No.		



ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

- (h) PARALLEL OPERATION: Any customer on this schedule intending to operate a generating plant in parallel with the City's electric system must construct and operate such plant in accordance with applicable Rules and Regulations. However, a customer who operates its generating plant in parallel must assume responsibility for protecting the City and other parties from damage resulting from negligent operation.
- (i) METERING: The City will furnish, own and maintain, at its expense, the normal metering for the size and type of load served. The City will furnish, own and maintain, at the customer's expense, other metering equipment that the City determines to be necessary on both the service and the customer-owned generating plant. The customer shall provide facilities to accommodate such metering. Meters shall not allow reverse registration.
- (j) REACTIVE DEMAND CHARGE: When the customer-owned generating plant is operated in parallel with the City's system, the customer will design and operate its facilities so that the reactive current requirements of the portion of the Customer's load supplied from such plant are not supplied at any time from the City's system. If the City determines by test that the customer-owned generating plant is placing a reactive demand on the City's electric system excess of 0.44 kvar per kw of Contract Capacity, the Reactive Demand Charge shall be effective in that month and each subsequent month until the customer demonstrates to the City's satisfaction that adequate correction has been provided.

DEFINITION OF TIME PERIODS:

Times of the year and times of the day are defined as follows:

SUMMER May 1 through October 31:

Peak: 3:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m. Monday through Friday (except holidays).

Partial-Peak: 8:30 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. and 7:(p.m. to 9:30 p.m.

Monday through Friday (except holidays).

Off-Peak: 9:30 p.m. to 8:30 a.m. Monday through Friday and all day

Saturday, Sunday and holidays.

MINTER: November 1 through April 30:

Partial-Peak: 8:30 a.m. to 9:30 p.m. Monday through Friday (except

holidays).

Off-Peak: 9:30 p.m. to 8:30 a.m. Monday through Friday and all day

Saturday, Sunday and holidays.

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p.SS-3/4		Effective	<u>.</u>	1,	1988			
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CITY OF LODI ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

HOLIDAYS:

Holidays" for the purpose of the rate schedule are New Year's Day, Presidents' Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Veterans' Day, Thanksgiving Day, the day after Thanksgiving and Christmas Day. The dates will be based on those days on which the holidays are observed as specified in Public Law 90-363 (U.S.C.A. Section 6103).

p.SS-4/4

Effective

1, 1988

Ordinance No.

MEDICAL RIDER



ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE MR

RESIDENTIAL MEDICAL RIDER

APPLICABILITY:

Qualifying residential customers on Schedule EA or EM are entitled to an additional 500 kilowatt-hours (kwhr) at the lower priced first block rate.

If a customer or full-time resident in the home has one or more of the medical conditions listed below, the Electric Utility Department may be contacted to request a copy of the "Declaration of Eligibility for Medical First Block Adjustment." customer will be required to have a doctor of medicine or osteopathy licensed to practice in the State of California fill out the last page of the form to certify qualification for a Medical First Block Adjustment.

QUALIFYING CONDITIONS:

To qualify for the Medical First Bicck Adjustment, certification in writing 35 required stating that a customer or other full-time resident in the home is:

- 1. dependent on a life-support device used in the home, or
- a paraplegic, hemiplegic, or quadraplegic person having special air cenditioning needs, or
- a multiple-sclerosis patient with special heating or air conditio. ing

(Medical conditions other than multiple sclerosis, paraplegia, hemiplegia, or quadriplegia may qualify customers for medical quantities for electric heating or air conditioning. Any such conditions will be reviewed on an individual basis.)

LIFE-SUPPORT DEVICES:

A life-support device is any medical device necessary to sustain life or relied upon for mobility. To qualify under this rule, the device must be used in the home and must run on electricity supplied by the City of Lodi.

The term "life-support device" includes, but is not limited to, respirators, iron lungs, hemodialysis machines, suction machines, electric nerve stimulators, pressure pads and pumps, aerosol tents, electrostatic and ultrasonic nebulizers. compressors, IPPB machines and motorized wheelchairs.

P ■MR-1/2

R-1/2	Effective	1, 1968
	Ordinance No	

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ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING:

Special heating and/or air-conditioning needs will qualify for a Medical First Block Adjustment under this rule only if your main source of energy for heating or air conditioning is electricity supplied by the City of Lodi.

MEDICAL FIRST BLOCK ADJUSTMENT FOR MASTER-METERED CUSTOMERS:

Residential tenants of master-metered customers can also qualify for Medical First Block Adjustment. If one or more of the tenants have a niedical condition that qualifies under the conditices listed above, please contact the Electric Utility Department to find out how to apply.

If tenants are submetered, any Medical First Block Adjustment must be passed on to the qualifying tenant(s) when tenants are billed for the electricity they use.

p.MR-2/2

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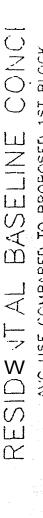
1, 1988

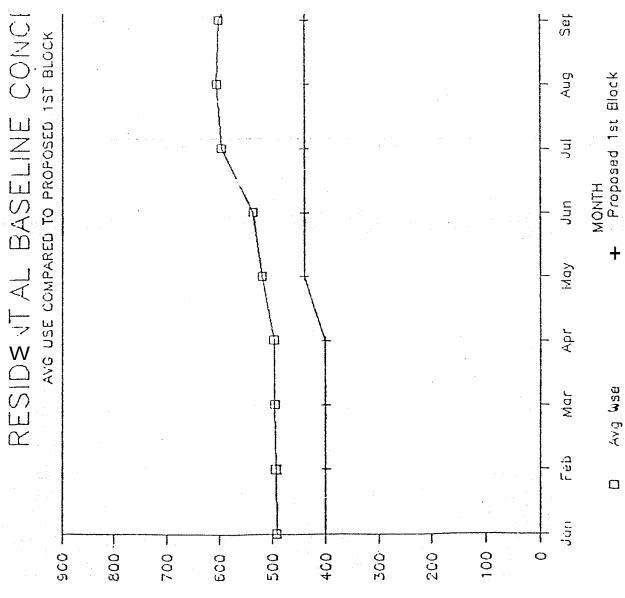
Ordinance No.

CITY OF LOD! DECLARATION OF ELIGIBILITY FOR ADDITIONAL BASELINE QUANTITIES FOR QUALIFYING MEDICALLY DISABLED PERSONS

Lodi's a	ppli	(Customer) hereby claims eligibility and medical baseline quantity under the provisions of the City of cable residential service rate schedules (EA arid EM). Customer at a full-time resident of the household is:
a. b. c.	a pa spac a m	endent upon a medical life-support device, or araglegic, hemiplegic, or quadriplegic person requiring additional be heating, or multiple sclerosis patient requiring additional space heating/air
Please co		ditioning ete applicable sections(s):
_	Life requisit resires pelece	e Support Device - A life-support device is any medical device diring City of Lodi supplied electric power for its operation that regularly required to maintain the life of a person residing in a dential unit. The term includes, but is not limited to, poirators, iron lungs, hemodialysis machines, suction machines, etric nerve stimulators, pressure pads and pumps, aerosol tents, etrostatic and ultrasonic nebulirers, compressors, IPPB machines and prized wheelchairs.
	[]	Electric Life Support Device:
		'(indicate type of device)
[]	cert	<u>se Conditioning</u> - Medical baseline quantities are available for ain qualified disabled persons requiring City of Lodi supplied gy for additional space heating or air conditioning needs.
	[]	Paraplegic, hemiplegic, or quadriplegic person-
		Electric Space Heating: []
	[]	Multiple Sclerosis patient-
		Electric Space Heating: []
		Electric Air Conditioning: []
	[]	Other medical condition
		Electric Space Heating: []
		Electric Air Conditioning: []
The kilo		ndard medical baseline quantity available year-round is 503-hours/month for electricity.

RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL GRAPHS





кмрь

MANDITORY CLASS ASSIGNMENT STANDARDS - GENERAL COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL

			1	1			RATE
			% OF	SYSTEM			STRUCTURE
	APPROX		% OF	AVERAGE			CHANGES FROM
RA■E	1 OF	CI.ASS	KWHR	CUSTOMER	TYPE OF	BILLING	EX 15TING
SCHEDULE	CUST	DEFINITION	SALES	COST IMPACT	METERING		STRUCTHRE
			1				1

RESOLUTION NO. 88-127

A RESOLUTION OF THE LODI CITY COUNCIL APPROVING ELECTRIC RATE STRUCTURE CHANGES

RESGLVED, that electric rate structure changes as described in Electric Rate Proposal and Electric Rate Schedules, attached hereto as Exhibit A and incorporated herein by reference, be and the same is hereby approved.

FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Exhibit A Electric Rate Schedules sha? I become effective with utility bills prepared on or after November I, 1988.

Dated: September 7, 1988

> I hereby certify that Resolution No. 88-127 was passed and adopted by the City Council of the City of Lodi in a regular meeting held September 7, 1958 by the following vote:

Ayes: Council Members - Hinchman, Olson, Reid, Snider and

Pinkerton (Mayor)

Council Members - None Noes:

Council Members - None Absent:

ale M. Bunch

City Clerk



EXHIBIT A



CITY OF LODI ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

ELECTRIC RATE SCHEDULES

Effective November 1, 1988



ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE EA

DOMESTIC SERVICE

APPLICABILITY:

Domestic service is applicable to domestic lighting, heating, cooking and single-phase domestic power service in single-family dwellings and in flats and apartments separately metered by the City and to single-phase service used in common for residential purposes by tennants in multi-family dwellings.

RATES.

Minimum Charge:	 \$3.00
Energy Charge:	
Summer (May through October) First 440 kwhr, per kwhr. Over 440 kwhr, per kwhr.	.06064
Winter (November through April) First 400 kwhr, per kwhr. Over 400 kwhr, per kwhr.	 -06064 .10077

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

- (a) When a business or commercial establishment is conducted in conjunction with a residence and both are measured through one meter, this rate does not apply.
- Service on this schedule will be supplied at the single-phase secondary voltage available = either 120/240 or 120/208 volts.
- (c) Additional first block medical quantities are available as described in Schedule MR - Residential Medical Rider.

Effective November 1, 1988 p.EA-1/1

Resolution No.



ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE EM

DOMESTIC SERVICE - MOBILE HOME PARKS

APPLICABILITY:

Mobile home parks domestic service is applicable to domestic lighting, heating, cooking and power supplied to mobile home parks through a master-meter and sub-metered to all individual mobile home units.

RATES:

	00.00
Energy Charge:	
Summer (May through October!	
First 440 kwhr per mobile home space wired for service, per kwhr	.06064
Over 440 kwhr per mobile home space wired for service, per kwhr	.10077
Winter (November through April)	
First 400 kwhr per mobile home space wired for service, per kwhr	.06064
Over 400 kwhr per mobile home space wired for service, per kwhr	_10077

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

- (a) This rate is available only for master metering in cervice prior to October 1, 1988.
- (b) It is the responsibility of the customer to notify the City Finance: Department within 15 days following any change in the number of mobile home spaces wired for service.
- (c) A Mobile Home Park Distribution Service Payment will be made to qualifying mobile home park owners as described in Rule and Regulation No. 19.
- (d) Additional first **block medical** quantities are available as described in Schedule MR Residential Medical Rider.

p.EM-1/1 Effective N Oember 1, 1988

Cancel ing Ordinance No. 1350

Resolution No.

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ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE MR

RESIDENTIAL MEDICAL RIDER

APPLICABILITY:

Qualifying residential customers on Schedule EA or E", are entitled to an additional 500 kilowatt-hours (kwhr) at the lower priced first block rate.

If a Customer or full-time resident in the home has one or more of the medical conditions listed below, the Electric Utility Department may be contacted to request a copy of the "Declaration of Eligibility for Medical First Block Adjustment." The customer will be required to have a doctor of medicine cr osteopathy licensed to practice in the State of California fill out the last page of the form to certify qualification for a Medical First Block Adjustment.

QUALIFYING CONDITIONS:

To qualify for the Medical First Block Adjustment, certification in writing is required stating that a customer or other full-time resident in the home is:

- 1. dependent on a life-suppor; device used in the home, or
- 2. a paraplegic, hemiplegic, or quadraplegic person having special air conditioning needs, or
- 3. a multiple-sclerosis patient with special heating or air conditioning needs.

(Medical conditions other than multiple sclerosis, paraplegia, hemiplegia, or quadriplegia may qualify customers for medical quantities for electric heating or air conditioning. Any such conditions will be reviewed on an individual basis.)

LIFE-SUPPORT DEVICES:

A life-support device is any medical device necessary to sustain life or relied upon for mobility. To qualify under this rule, the device must be used in the home and must run on electricity supplied by the City of Lodi.

The term "life-support device" includes, but is not limited to, respirators, iron lungs, hernodialysis machines, suction machines, electric nerve stimulators, pressure pads and pumps, aerosol tents, electrostatic and ultrasonic nebulizers, compressors, IPPB machines and motorized wheelchairs.

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.MR-1/2	Effective	November	1,	198
	Resolution	No		



CITY OF LODI ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING:

Special heating and/or air-conditioning needs will qualify for a Medical First Block Adjustment under this rule only if your main source of energy for heating or air conditioning is electricity supplied by the City of Lodi.

MEDICAL FIRST BLOCK ADJUSTMENT FOR MASTER-METERED CUSTOMERS:

Residential tenants of master-metered customers can also qualify for Medical First Block Adjustment. If one or more of the tenants have a medical condition that qualifies under the conditions listed above, please contact the Electric Utility Department to find out how to apply.

If tenants are submetered, any Medical First Block Adjustment must be passed on to the qualifying tenant(s) when tenants are billed for the electricity they use.

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p.MR-2/2	Effective	November	1,	198
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Customer hereby grants the City of Lodi the right of access to the residence at reasonable hours for verification of the information furnished in this declaration. Refusal of access shall be reason for disallowance of the medical first block adjustment claimed.

This certification shall be valid only for a two-year period from the date shown below, and, if necessary, must be reviewed after that period. The City of Lodi requires certification by a doctor of medicine or osteopathy licensed to practice medicine in the State of California that a particular device is necessary to sustain the user's life, or that Customer or a member of his/her household is a multiple sclerosis patient or is a paraplegic, hemiplegic or quadriplegic person.

Dated thisday of	, 19
Resident (Signature)	Mailing Address (if other than service location)
Address (Street, City and Zip)	
() Daytime Phone No.	City of Lodi Account Number, if known

THE CERTIFICATION OF A DOCTOR OF MEDICINE OR OSTBOPATHY IS TO BE MADE ON THE ATTACHED FORM.

	(Qualifying disabled person)	
who is a full-tim	ne resident of the customer's hosenald are as follows:	
using a medical	ice: mer or member of his/her household has irdicated the nee life-support device within the household, is such o tain his/her life? Yes [] No [] (Must check [] appro-	device
Where Custor space conditionin	ing: (Complete if other than paraplegic, hemip multiple sclerosis condition.) mer or member of his/her household has indicated the needing within the household, is it necessary due to the pation? Yes [] No [] (Must check [] appropriate box)	d for
Doctor's Name	Please print or type	
Signature		
	(Street, City and Zip)	

Certification of doctor of medicine or osteopathy licensed to practice medicine

Customer hereby grants the City of Lodi the right, of access to the residence at reasonable hours for verification of the information furnished in this declaration. Refusal of access shall be reason for disallowance of the medical first block adjustment claimed.

This certification shall be valid only for a two-year period from the date shown below, and, if necessary, must be reviewed after that period. The City of Lodi requires certification by a doctor of medicine or osteopathy licensed to practice medicine in the State of California that a particular device is necessary to sustain the user's life, or that Customer or a member of his/her household is a multiple sclerosis patient or is a paraplegic, hemiplegic or quadriplegic person.

Dated thisday of	
Resident (Signature)	Mailing Address (If other than service location)
Address (Street, City and Zip)	
() Daytime Phone No.	City of Lodi Account Number, if known

THE CERTIFICATION OF A DOCTOR OF MEDICINE OR OSTEOPATHY IS TO BE MADE ON THE ATTACHED FORM.

Certification of doctor of medicine or osteopathy licensed to practice medicine in the State of California.
I certify that the medical condition and needs of
(Qualifying disabled person)
who is a full-time resident of the customer's hosehold are as follows:
<u>Hife-Support Device:</u> Where Customer or member of his/her household has indicated the need for using a medical life-support device within the household, is such device essential to sustain his/her life? Yes [] No [] (Must check [] appropriate box)
Space Conditioning: (Complete Theorem ~ the: than paraplegic, hemiplegic, quadriplegic, or multiple sclerosis condition.) Where Customer or member of his/her household has indicated the need for space conditioning within the household, is it necessary due to the patient's medical condition? Yes [] No [] (Must check [] appropriate box)
Doctor's Name
Signature
Office Address(Street, City and Zip)
Telephone Number ()

If you wish to explain in RIOT-detail, please attach your signed statement.



ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE EL

OUTDOOR DUSK-TO-DAWN LIGHTING

APPLICABILITY:

Outdoor dusk-to-dawn lighting is applicable to City-owned and maintained outdoor overhead lighting service where streetlight service is not available.

RATES:

For each 6,000 lumen gas discharge lamp \$9.84 per month

For each 18,000 lumen gas discharge lamp \$18.00 per month

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

- (a) Lamps shall be approximately 6,000 or 18,000 lumen gas discharge with luminaire and bracke, as specified by the City of Lodi Electric Utility Department, and shall be supported on City-owned poles which are used to carry distribution system c rouits for other City purposes and shall be at locations approved by the City of Lodi. Lamps will be controlled from dusk to dawn each night so as to give approximately 4,380 hours of service annually.
- (b) Upon receipt of notice from a customer of failure of light to operate as scheduled, the City of Lodi Electric Utility Department will, within a reasonable period of time, make the necessary repairs.
- (c) Relocation of existing outdoor lighting service equipment or the installation of additional facilities required other than mentioned in (a) above shall be at customer's expense prior to starting work.

p.EL-1/1

Effective November 1, 1988

Resolution No.

Cancel ing Ordinance No. 1348



ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE G1 (Formerly EB)

GENERAL SERVICE - GROUP 1 COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL

APPLICABILITY:

Schedule Gl is applicable to customers with single-phase or polyphase alternating current service, or to a combination thereof, whose kwhr usage does not exceed 8,000 kwhr per month for three consecutive months.

RATES:

Customer Charge

Polyphase Service	4.25
Energy Charge (to be added to Customer Charge):	
Summer (May through October)	.09426

The monthly charge is the higher of: 1) the Customer Charge and the Energy Charge, or 2) 1.70 per kva of connected welder and per horsepower of polyphase connected motor 10ad.

p.G1-1/1

Effective November 1, 1988

Resolution No.

CONTROL BROKEN CONTROL CONTROL

Canceling	Ordinance	No.	1348
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ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE G2 (Formerly S-I)

GENERAL SERVICE - GROUP 2 COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL

APPLICABILITY:

Schedule G2 will be applied to accounts with energy consumption in excess of 8,000 kilowatt-hours (kwhr) or more for three consecutive months and with maximum demand not exceeding 500 kilowatts (kw) for three consecutive months.

Maximum Demand: The maximum demand in any month will be the maximum average power taken during any 15-minute interval in the month, but not less than the diversified resistance welder load. In cases where the use of energy is intermittent or subject to violent fluctuations, a 5-minute interval may be used.

New Customers: If the energy consumption for a new customer is expected to be 8,000 kwhr or more, the City has the option of placing the account on Schedule G2 from the start.

Transfers Off Schedule G2: If energy consumption drops below 8,000 kwhr and remains there for 12 consecutive months, the City will transfer the account to Schedule G1. If the demand reaches or exceeds 500 kilowatts (kw) for three consecutive months, the account will be transferred to Schedule G3.

RATES:

Customer Charge	•	\$ 50.00
Demand Charge:		
All kw of billing demand, per kw		2.75
Energy Charge:(per kwhr)		
Summer (May through October)		.07915
Winter (November through April)		.06200

The monthly charge for service under Schedule G2 is the sum of the Customer Charge, Demand Charge and Energy Charge.

VOLTAGE DISCOUNT:

When delivery is made at the same primary distribution voitage as that of the line from which the service is supplied, a 4% discount will be allowed on the above charges.

p.G2-1/2	Effective November 1, 1988
10	Resolution No.

Canceling Ordinance No. 1348



ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

POWER FACTOR ADJUSTMENTS:

When the billing demand has exceeded 400 kw for three consecutive months and thereafter until it has fallen below 300 kw for twelve consecutive months, bills will be adjusted based upon average monthly power factor. Average monthly power factor is computed from the ratio of lagging reactive kilovolt-ampere-hours to kilowatt-hours consumed in the month. Power factors are rounded to the nearest whole percent.

The rates in this schedule are based on an average monthly power factor of 85%. If the average monthly power factor is greater than 85%, the total monthly bill (excluding any taxes and customer charge) will be reduced by .06 percent for each percentage point above 85%. If the average power factor is below 85%, the total monthly bill (excluding taxes and customer charge) will be increased by .06 percent for each percentage point below 85%.

p.G2-2/2

Effective November i, 1988

Resolution No.

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ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE G3

GENERAL SERVICE - GROUP 3 COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL

APPLICABILITY:

Schedule G3 will be applied to accounts with maximum demands of 500 kilowatts

(kw) or more for three consecutive months.

Maximum Demand: The maximum demand in any month will be the maximum average power taken during any 15-minute interval in the month, but not less than the diversified resistance welder load. In cases where the use of energy is intermittent or subject to violent fluctuations, a 5-minute interval may be used.

New Customers: If the maximum demand for a new customer is expected to be 500 kw or more, the City has the option of placing the account on Schedule G3 from the

Transfers Off Schedule G3: .. If maximum demand drops below 500 kw and remains there for 12 consecutive months, the City will transfer the account to a different applicable rate schedule.

RATES:

Customer Charge				\$100.0	10	
Service Voltage: Season:	Secondary Summe r	(G3-S) Winter	Primary Summer	(G3-P) Winter	Transmissi Summer	on (G3-T) Winter
Demand Charges:						
Per kw of maximum peak-period demand Per kw of maximum demand	\$8.10 2.85	 \$2.85	\$7.84 1.80	 \$1.80	\$7.60 •75	53.75
Energy Charges:						
Peak period (per kwhi	.07563		.07206	No.	.06866	
Partial -peak period (per kwhr) Off-peak period	.07179	.06940	.06923	.06533	.06676	.06150
(per kwhr)	.04264	.03857	.03923	.03801	.03800	.03754
Minimum Charge, per mont	h:					

p.G3-1/3

The Demand Charge constitute; the Minimum Charge

Effective November 1, 1988

Resolution No.

Cance?ing Ordinance No. 1348



ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

TYPES OF CHARGES: The monthly charge for service under Schedule G3 is the sum of the customer charge, demand charges and energy charges:

- The customer charge is a flat monthly fee

Schedule G3 has two demand charges, a maximum-peak-period-demand charge and a maximum-demand charge. The maximum-peak-period-demand charge per kilowatt applies to the maximum demand during the month's peak hours, and the maximum-demand charge per kilowatt applies to the maximum demand at any time during the month. The bill will include both of these demand charges. Time periods are defined below.

- The energy charge is the sum of the energy charges from the peak, partial peak, and off-peak periods. Energy is billed by the kilowatt-hour (kwhr), and rates are differentiated according to time of day and time of year.
- Monthly charges may be increased or decreased based upon power factor as dofinad halau
- As shown on the rate chart, demand a energy charges are based on the voltage at which service is taken. Service voltages are defined below.

DEFINITION OF SERVICE VOLTAGE:

The following defines the three service voltage classes of G3 rates

- a. Transmission: Service voltage class for service at 60,000 volts.
- b. Primary: Service voltage class for service at 12,000 volts.
- c. <u>Secondary</u>: Service voltage class for service at all other available voltages

POWER FACTOR ADJUSTMENTS:

Bills will be adjusted based upon average monthly power factor. monthly power factor is computed from the ratio of lagging kilbyolt-ampere-hours to kilowatt-hours consumed in the month. Power factor. are rounded to the nearest, whole percent.

The rates in this rate schedule are based on an average monthly power factor- of 85%. If the average monthly power factor is greater than 85%, the tota? monthly bill (excluding any taxes dnd customer charge) will he reduced by .06 percent for

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each percentage point above 85%.

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03-2/3	Effective	November	1, 1988
	Resolution	n No	

Canceling Ordinance No. 1348



ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

DEFINITION OF TIME PERIODS:

Times of the year and times of the day are defined as follows:

SUMMER May 1 through October 31:

Peak: 3:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m. Monday through Friday (except holidays).

Partial-Peak: 8:30 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. and 7:00 p.m. to 9:30 p.m.

Monday through Friday (except holidays).

Off-Peak: 9:30 p.m. to 8:30 a.m. Monday through Friday and all day

Saturday, Sunday arid holidays.

WINTER: November 1 through April 3C:

Partial-Peat: 8:30 a.m. to 9:30 p.m. Monday through Friday (except

holidays).

Off-Peak: 9:30 p.m. to 8:30 a.m. Monday through Friday and all day

Saturday, Sunday and holidays.

HOLIDAYS:

Holidays" for the purpose of %he rate schedule are New Year's Day, Presidents' Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Veterans' Day, Thanksgiving Day, the day after Thanksgiving and Christmas Day. The dates will be based on those days on which the holidays are observed as specified in Public Law 90-363 (U.S.C.A. Section 6103).

Effective November 1, 1988



ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE E?

ENERGY PURCHASE

APPLICABILITY:

Energy Purchase Schedule EP is applicable to qualifying customer-owned alternating current facilities operating in parallel with $th\,e$ City's electric system on a contract basis.

p.EP-1/1

Effective November 1, 1988

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ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE SS

STANDBY SERVICE

APPLICABILITY:

Schedule SS is applicable to commercial/industrial customers who would otherwise qualify for Schedule G3 and who operate a privately-owned generating plant and where the City must stand ready at all times to supply standby electric service to replace such plant.

RATES:	
	Per Customer-Owned Plant Per Month
Customer Charge	5100.00
Standby Charge:	
Standby Demand Charge: Summer: The Standby Demand Charge will be assed the month in which the City provides capacity at Such Standby Demand Charge will be the product of provided by the City, expressed in kw, and the surates of the applicable industrial schedule.	essed for 12 months beginning the service connection point. f the maximum monthly capacity
<u>Winter:</u> The Standby Demand Charge for capacity billed at the Schedule G3 rate. Reactive Demand Charge:	provided by the City will be
Per kvar of maximum reactive demand	\$.30

p.SS-1/4

Effective November 1, 1988



ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

SCHEDULE SS

STANDBY SERVICE

APPLICABILITY:

Schedule SS is applicable to commercial/industrial customers who would otherwise qualify for Schedule G3 and who operate a privately-owned generating plant and where the City must stand ready at all times to supply standby electric service to replace such plant.

RATES:

	Per Customer-Owned Plant Per Month
Customer Charge	\$100.00
Standby Charge:	
Standby Demand Charge: Summer: The Standby Demand Charge will be asse the month in which the City provides capacity at Such Standby Demand Charge will be the product of provided by the City, expressed in kw, and the surates of the applicable industrial schedule.	ssed for 12 months beginning the service connection point. f the maximum monthly capacity
Winter: The Standby Demand Charge for capacity billed at the Schedule G3 rate. Reactive Demand Charge: Per kvar of maximum reactive demand	

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Effective November 1, 1988



ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

RATES: (continued)

Energy Charge:

All energy supplied by the City will be billed at the Schedule G3 rates,

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

- (a) CONTRACT: This schedule is available only for each specific service connection point on a contract basis to industrial customers for each customer-owned generating plant as authorized by the City Council. Each contract term shall be for the service life of the customer-owned generating plant and shall obligate the customer to pay for Customer Standby and Standby Demand Charges for the contract term. The contract shall provide, among other things, that if service is cancelled prior to expiration of the contract period, the customer shall pay the total Standby Charges for the unexpired term of the contract and any outstanding Standby Demand Charges.
- (b) CONTRACT CAPACITY: Contract Capacity is the nameplate rating of the customer-owned generating plant.
- (c) EXCESS CAPACITY: Capacity supplied by the customer-owned generating plant in excess of the measured load at the customer's service connection point shall be considered inadvertent and no demand or energy adjustment shall be given.
- (d) LIMITATION ON CONTRACT CAPACITY SERVED: Standby service to new or increased loads is limited by the City's ability to serve such loads without jeopardizing service to existing customers on rate schedules for firm service, including standby service.
- (e) RENDERING OF BILLS: All bills, including opening and closing bills, will be based on meter registration, except as otherwise provided in the City's Rules and Regulations or rate schedule. Should the billing period be less than one month, no proration will be made and the amount of the bill shall be determined in accordance with the schedule in effect at the time of the end of the normal meter reading period. Standby Demand Charges will not be applied in a cumulative manner.
- (f) TOTALIZING: Totalizing of a customer's meter readings from more than one service connection point for billing purposes will not be done if one or more such service connections are receiving Standby Service.
 - (g) DEMAND READINGS: Demand readings will be based on 15-minute intervals.

.SS-2/	'4	Effective	November	1,	198
		Resolution	n No		

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ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

- (h) PARALLEL OPERATION: Any customer on this schedule intending to operate a generating plant in parallel with the City's electric system must construct and operate such plant in accordance with applicable Rules and Regulations. However, a customer who operates its generating plant in parallel must assume responsibility for protecting the City and other parties from damage resulting from negligent operation.
- (5) METERING: The City will furnish, own and maintain, at its expense, the normal metering for the size and type of load served. The City will furnish, own and maintain, at the customer's expense, other metering equipment that the City determines to be necessary on both the service and the customer-owned generating plant. The customer shall provide faci?ities to accommodate such metering. Meters shall not allow reverse registration.
- (j) REACTIVE DEMAND CHARGE: When the customer-owned generating plant is operated in parallel with the City's system, the customer will design and operate its facilities so that the reactive current requirements of the portion of the Customer's load supplied from such plant are not supplied at any time from the City's system. If the City determines by test that the customer-owned generating plant is placing a reactive demand on the City's electric system excess of 0.44 kvar per kw of Contract Capacity, the Reactive Demand Charge shall be effective in that month and each subsequent month until the customer demonstrates to the City's satisfaction that adequate correction has been provided.

DEFINITION OF TIME PERIODS:

Times of the year and times of the day are defined as follows:

SUMMER May 1 through October 31:

Peak: 3:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m. Monday through Friday (except hol days).

Partial-Peak: 8:30 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. and 7:00 p.m. to 9:30 p.m. Monday through Friday (except holidays).

Off-Peak: 9:30 p.m. to 8:30 a.m. Monday through Friday and all day Saturday, Sunday and holidays.

WINTER: November 1 through April 30:

Partial-Peak: 8:30 a.m. to 9:30 p.m. Monday through Friday (except holidays).

Off-Peak: 9:30 p.m. to 8:30 a.m. Monday through Friday and all day Saturday. Sunday and holidays.

p.SS-3/4 Effective November 1, 1988



ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT

HOLIDAYS:

Holidays" for the purpose of the rate schedule are New Year's Day, Presidents' Day, Memorial Day, independence Day, Labor Day, Veterans' Day, Thanksgiving Day, the day after Thanksgiving and Christmas Day. The dates will be based on those days on which the holidays are observed as specified in Public Law 90-363 (U.S.C.A. Section 6103).

p.SS-4/4

Effective November 1, 1988

CITY COUNCIL MEETING SEPTEMGER 9, 1988

NAMING OF NEW COUNCIL CHAMBER COMPLEX

CC-6 CC-142 The City Council received information from the Public Works Director that following his earlier inquiry as to possible names for the new Council Chamber Complex, the following names and votes were obtained:

NAME \	
Carnegie Forum Carnegie Hall Carnegie Library "Anything"	2 1 1

City Council discussion followed with Mayor Pinkerton proposing the name Lodi Carnegie Hall. Following additional discussion, Council Member Reid moved that the new City Council Complex be named Lodi Carnegie Hall. The motion was seconded by Mayor Finkerton but failed to pass by the following vote:

Ayes: Council Members - Reid and Pinkerton (Mayor)

Noes: Council Members - Hinchman, Olson,

and Snider

Additional discussion followed. Following the suggestion by Council Member Hinchman, the **City** Council determined to **hold** a city-wide contest to determine the name of the new Council Chamber Complex.



PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

COUNCIL COMMUNICATION

TO:

City Council

FROM:

City Manager

MEETING DATE:

September 7, 1988

AGENDA TITLE:

Determine Name for New Council Chamber Complex

RECOMMENDED ACTION: That the City Council select the appropriate building name for the new Council Chamber Complex.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION: Under the attached memo of August 4, 1988, we solicited names for the existing Carnegie Library building which will be the new Council Chamber Complex. From this inquiry, the following names and votes were obtained:

Name	Votes
Carnegie Forum Carnegie Hal 1 Carnegie Library "Anything"	2 1 1

It is requested that the Council formally select the name for the new Council Chamber complex.

Jack L. Ronsko

Public Works Director

JLR/mt

Attachment

APPROVED:

THOMAS A. PETERSON, City Manager

FILE NO.

CCHAMBE2/TXTW.02M

August 26, 1988

MEMORANDUM, City of Lodi, Public Works Department

TO:

City Manager

City Council

FROM:

Public Works Director

DATE:

August 4, 1988

SUBJECT:

Renaming Carnegie Library Building

The remodel project for the Carnegie Library building is now out to bid. The **bid** opening date is set for August 31.

The existing building is called "CARNEGIE LIBRARY" and this name is shown over the doorway on the Pine Street frontage. As part of the remodel plans, the architect has renamed the building "CARNEGIE FORUM" (see attached exhibit). Questions have been raised as to whether this is the appropriate name for this facility. Therefore, we would request your feelings on the renaming of the Carnegie Library.

Please note your first and second choices by marking a "1" and "2" in the boxes below and return one copy of this memo. We will then summarize the choices and bring this matter back to the City Council for an official decision, as we did with the water tank.

	CARNEGIE FORUM
	CARNEGIE HALL
	TOWN HALL
	LODI COUNCIL CHAMBERS
	COUNCIL CHAMBERS
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JLR/ma

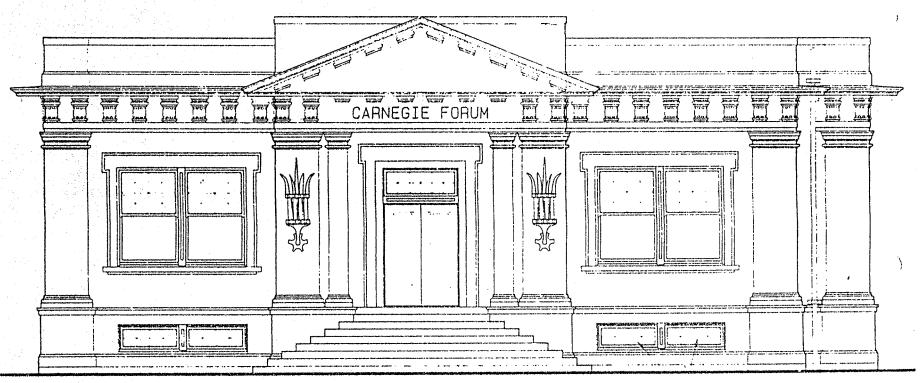
Attachment

Jack L. Ronsko

Qublic Works Director

bcc: Building & Equipment Maintenance Supt.

Arlie Preszler, Architect



SOUTH ELEVATION
Scale: 1/8" = 1'-0"

--- BLOCK-OUT WINDOW FROM INSIDE - SEE FLOCH HERLAGE EXISTING WINDOW WLASS W 1830/9F